

T07D03 – 7.2a IB Practice MS

1. (a) 200°C 600 atm. (both for [1], units not needed);
allow the “highest pressure and the lowest temperature” 1
- (b) (i) yield increases/equilibrium moves to the right/more ammonia;
4 (gas) molecules → 2/decrease in volume/fewer molecules on right hand side; 2
- (ii) yield decreases/equilibrium moves to the left/less ammonia;
exothermic reaction/OWTTE; 2
- (c) high pressure expensive/greater cost of operating at high pressure/reinforced
pipes etc. needed; 2
lower temperature – greater yield, but **lowers** rate;
Do not award a mark just for the word “compromise”.
- (d) $K_C = \frac{[\text{NH}_3]^2}{[\text{N}_2][\text{H}_2]^3}$ (ignore units); 1
2. (a) $K/K_C = [\text{SO}_3]^2 \div [\text{SO}_2]^2 [\text{O}_2]$; 1
Accept correct K_p expression.
- (b) (i) vanadium(V) oxide/(di)vanadium pentaoxide/ V_2O_5 ; 1
Allow just vanadium oxide but not correct formula.
- (ii) catalyst does not affect the value of K_C ;
forward and reverse rates increase equally/by the same factor;
catalyst increases the rate of the reaction;
(by providing an alternative path for the reaction with) lower
activation energy; 4
- (c) more energetic collisions/more molecules have energy greater than
activation energy; 2
more frequent collisions;
Do not accept more collisions without reference to time.
- (d) (i) shifts equilibrium position to the products/right;
to the side with fewer gas molecules or moles/lower volume of gas; 2
- (ii) shifts equilibrium position to the products/right;
to compensate for loss of SO_3 /produce more SO_3 ; 2
- (iii) no effect;
forward and backward rates increased equally/by the same factor; 2
3. no effect on position of equilibrium;
forward and reverse reactions speeded up equally/affects the rate of reaction
but not the extent of the reaction;
no effect on value of K_C ;
no change in concentrations of reactants or products/ K_C only changes if
temperature alters; [14]
4. B
5. B
6. C
7. C [4]